

## 5.2 Part 2 FACTORING USING SPECIAL PRODUCT PATTERNS

### Special Factoring Pattern

#### FACTORING DIFFERENCE OF SQUARES

$$x^2 - 4 = (x - 2)(x + 2)$$

$$\sqrt{4x^2 - 9} = (2x - 3)(2x + 3)$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 - 49} = (x - 7)(x + 7)$$

$$\sqrt{64x^2 - 25} = (8x - 5)(8x + 5)$$

$$\times a^2 - b^2 = (a - b)(a + b)$$

What is the pattern?

### Examples

Factor completely.

$$1. \sqrt{25x^2 - 144}$$

$$(5x - 12)(5x + 12)$$

$$2. \sqrt{4x^2 - 49}$$

$$(2x - 7)(2x + 7)$$

$$3. \sqrt{100 - x^2}$$

$$(10 - x)(10 + x)$$

$$4. 16x^2 + 1$$

prime

not a diff.

↓

## Practice

Factor completely.

5.  $\sqrt{9h^2 - 121}$

$$(3h-11)(3h+11)$$

6.  $\sqrt{144 - 9y^2}$

$$(12-3y)(12+3y)$$

GCF = 9  
 $9(\sqrt{16} - \sqrt{y^2})$

$$9(4-y)(4+y)$$

7.  $225 \oplus g^2$

prime

8.  $\sqrt{36k^2 - 81m^2}$

$$(6k-9m)(6k+9m)$$

## Practice

Factor completely.

9.  $12x^2 - 3$  GCF = 3

$$3(\sqrt{4x^2} - \sqrt{1})$$

$$3(2x-1)(2x+1)$$

10.  $45y^2 - 5y$  GCF = 5y

$$5y(9y-1)$$

11.  $36 - 64c^2$  GCF = 4

$$4(\sqrt{9} - \sqrt{16c^2})$$

$$4(3+4c)(3-4c)$$

12.  $24x^2 - 54y^2$  GCF = 6

$$6(\sqrt{4x^2} - \sqrt{9y^2})$$

$$6(2x+3y)(2x-3y)$$

## Examples

Solve by factoring.

GCF =  $4x$

13.  $\sqrt{16y^2} - \sqrt{361} = 0$

14.  $4x^2 - 24x = 0$

$(4y+19)(4y-19) = 0$

$4x(x-6) = 0$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4y+19=0 \\ -19 \quad -19 \\ \hline 4y = -19 \\ \frac{4y}{4} = \frac{-19}{4} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4y-19=0 \\ +19 \quad +19 \\ \hline 4y = 19 \\ \frac{4y}{4} = \frac{19}{4} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x=0 \\ 4 \quad 4 \\ \hline x=0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x-6=0 \\ +6 \quad +6 \\ \hline x = 6 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{4y}{4} = \frac{-19}{4}$$

$$\frac{4y}{4} = \frac{19}{4}$$

$$x=0$$

$$x = 6$$

$$y = -4.75$$

$$y = 4.75$$

$$x = 6$$

## Practice

Solve by factoring.

GCF =  $2$

15.  $\sqrt{4} - \sqrt{121c^2} = 0$

16.  $50x^2 - 2 = 0$

$(2+11c)(2-11c) = 0$

$2(\sqrt{25x^2} - \sqrt{1}) = 0$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2+11c=0 \\ -2 \quad -2 \\ \hline 11c = -2 \\ \frac{11c}{11} = \frac{-2}{11} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2-11c=0 \\ -2 \quad -2 \\ \hline -11c = -2 \\ \frac{-11c}{-11} = \frac{-2}{-11} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2(\sqrt{25x^2} - \sqrt{1}) = 0 \\ 2=0 \quad 5x-1=0 \quad 5x+1=0 \\ +1 \quad +1 \quad -1 \quad -1 \\ \hline 5x = 1 \quad 5x = -1 \\ \frac{5x}{5} = \frac{1}{5} \quad \frac{5x}{5} = \frac{-1}{5} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{11c}{11} = \frac{-2}{11}$$

$$\frac{-11c}{-11} = \frac{-2}{-11}$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{-1}{5}$$

$$c = -\frac{2}{11}$$

$$c = \frac{2}{11}$$

$$x = .2$$

$$x = -.2$$