

GRAPHING LINES USING INTERCEPTS

x-intercept- the x-coordinate of a point where a graph crosses the x-axis

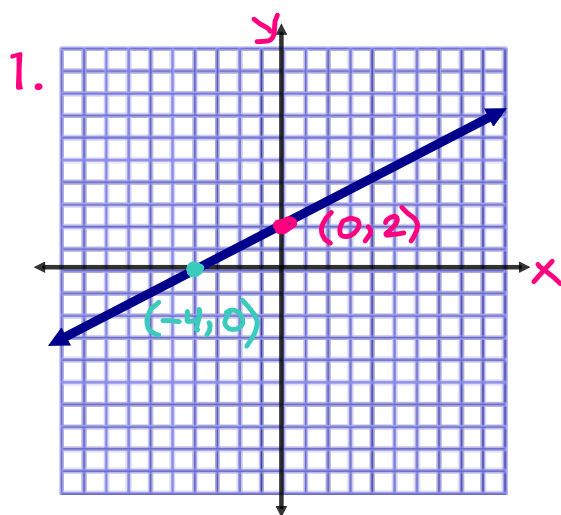
- To find the x-intercept, substitute 0 for y and solve for y.

y-intercept- the y-coordinate of a point where a graph crosses the y-axis

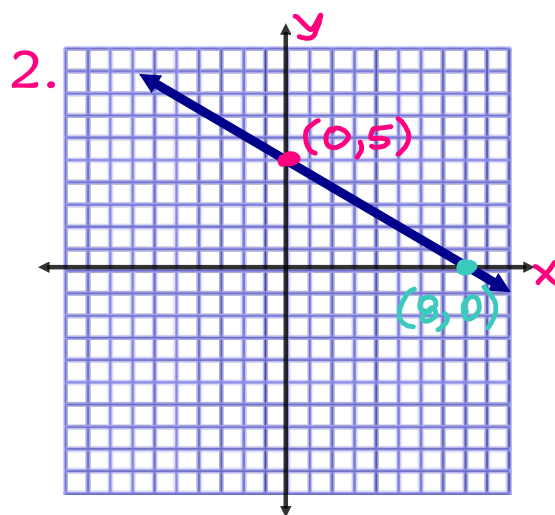
- To find the y-intercept, substitute 0 for x and solve for x.

EXAMPLES

Identify the x- and y-intercepts of each graph below.



$$\begin{aligned}x\text{-int} &= -4 \\ y\text{-int} &= 2\end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}x\text{-int} &= 8 \\ y\text{-int} &= 5\end{aligned}$$

Find the x-intercept of each equation. ^{plug 0 in for y}

3. $5x + 2y = 20$

$$5x + 2(0) = 20$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{20}{5}$$

$$x = 4$$

$$x\text{-int} = 4$$

4. $2x - 3y = 6$

$$2x - 3(0) = 6$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{6}{2}$$

$$x = 3$$

$$x\text{-int} = 3$$

Find the y-intercept of each equation. ^{plug 0 in for x}

5. $5x + 2y = 20$

$$5(0) + 2y = 20$$

$$\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{20}{2}$$

$$y = 10$$

$$y\text{-int} = 10$$

6. $2x - 3y = 6$

$$2(0) - 3y = 6$$

$$\frac{-3y}{-3} = \frac{6}{-3}$$

$$y = -2$$

$$y\text{-int} = -2$$

Find the x- and y-intercepts of the equations below.

7. $3x - 4y = 12$

$$\text{x-int}$$

$$3x - 4(0) = 12$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{12}{3}$$

$$x = 4$$

$$\text{x-int} = 4$$

$$\text{y-int}$$

$$3(0) - 4y = 12$$

$$\frac{-4y}{-4} = \frac{12}{-4}$$

$$y = -3$$

$$\text{y-int} = -3$$

8. $-5x + 4y = 2$

$$\text{x-int}$$

$$-5x + 4(0) = 2$$

$$\frac{-5x}{-5} = \frac{2}{-5}$$

$$x = -\frac{2}{5}$$

$$\text{or}$$

$$x = -0.4$$

$$\text{x-int} = -0.4$$

$$\text{y-int}$$

$$-5(0) + 4y = 2$$

$$\frac{4y}{4} = \frac{2}{4}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{or}$$

$$y = 0.5$$

$$\text{y-int} = 0.5$$

MAKING A QUICK GRAPH

STEP 1: Find the intercepts.

STEP 2: Draw a coordinate plane that includes intercepts.

STEP 3: Plot the intercepts and draw a line through them.

9. Graph the equation of $3x + 2y = 12$ using intercepts.

$$\text{x-int}$$

$$3x + 2(0) = 12$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{12}{3}$$

$$x = 4$$

$$\text{x-int} = 4$$

$$(4, 0)$$

$$\text{y-int}$$

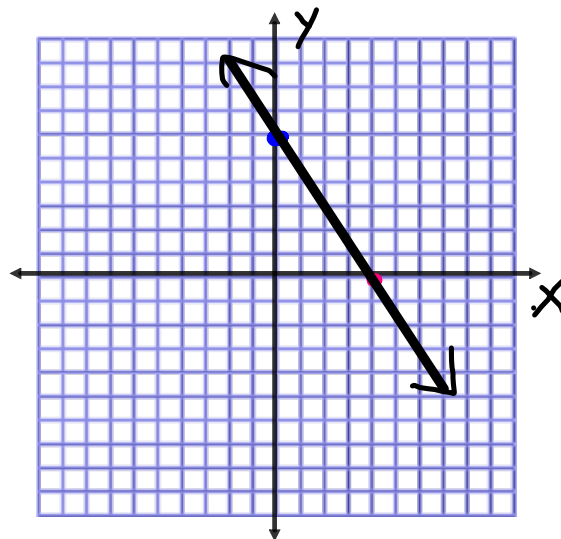
$$3(0) + 2y = 12$$

$$\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{12}{2}$$

$$y = 6$$

$$\text{y-int} = 6$$

$$(0, 6)$$



10. Graph the equation of $4x - 5y = 20$ using intercepts.

x-int

$$4x - 5(0) = 20$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{20}{4}$$

$$x = 5$$

$$x\text{-int} = 5$$

$$(5, 0)$$

y-int

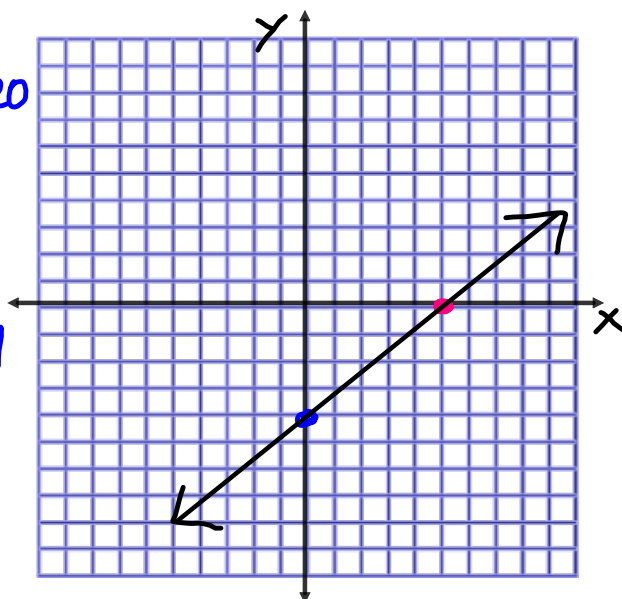
$$4(0) - 5y = 20$$

$$\frac{-5y}{-5} = \frac{20}{-5}$$

$$y = -4$$

$$y\text{-int} = -4$$

$$(0, -4)$$



11. You make and ~~buy~~ ^{sell} decorative bows. Small bows are sold for \$3 and large bows are sold for \$5. You want to earn \$60 per week. This situation can be modeled by the equation $3x + 5y = 60$, where x is the number of small bows and y is the number of large bows.

- Find the intercepts of the graph.
- Graph the equation.
- Give three possibilities for the number of each type of bow you can sell to earn \$60.

x-int

$$3x + 5(0) = 60$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{60}{3}$$

$$x\text{-int} = 20$$

y-int

$$3(0) + 5y = 60$$

$$\frac{5y}{5} = \frac{60}{5}$$

$$y\text{-int} = 12$$

$(0, 12) \rightarrow 0$ small bows,
12 large bows

$(10, 6) \rightarrow 10$ small bows,
6 large bows

$(5, 9) \rightarrow 5$ small bows,
9 large bows

