2.2 Part 2 Problem-Solving Strategy:

Working Backwards
There are several strategies for solving problems:

- work backwards
- make a table
- guess \& check
- act it out
- solve a simpler problem
- look for a pattern
- make a diagram
- eliminate possibilities

1. An ice sculpture is melting at a rate of $\div 2$ half its weight every hour. After 8 hours, oppos site it weighs $\sqrt{\frac{5}{16}}$ sf a pound. How much did - 2 it weigh in the beginning?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{5}{16} \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \\
& \frac{8 \text { hours }}{16} \cdot 2^{8}=80 \mathrm{lb}
\end{aligned}
$$

2. A number is decreased by 35 , then multiplied by 6 , then added to 87 , then divided by 3. The result is 67. start What is the number?

$$
\begin{aligned}
67 \cdot 3 & =\frac{201}{\frac{-87}{114} \div 6=} \begin{array}{l}
19 \\
+35 \\
54
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

3. Kristin spent one fifth of her money for gas. Then she spent half of what was left for a haircut. She bought lunch for $\$ 7$. When she got home, she had \$13 left. How much did Kristin have originally?

4. $\quad$ The price of a television at Walmart is

- $\frac{2}{3}$ now two-thirds (of the price it was last week. Now the price is \$360. What was the price last week?

$$
\$ 360 \div \frac{2}{3}=\$ 540
$$

