

6.2 SOLVING LINEAR SYSTEMS BY SUBSTITUTION

Solve the linear system using substitution.

1. $y = 4$

$3x - y = -9$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x - 4 = -9 \\ +4 \quad +4 \\ \hline 3x = -5 \\ \frac{3x}{3} = \frac{-5}{3} \\ x = -\frac{5}{3} \end{array}$$

$$\left(-\frac{5}{3}, 4\right)$$

2. $x = -5$

$-2x + 7y = 2$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2(-5) + 7y = 2 \\ 10 + 7y = 2 \\ -10 \quad -10 \\ \hline 7y = -8 \\ \frac{7y}{7} = \frac{-8}{7} \end{array}$$

$y = -\frac{8}{7}$

$$\left(-5, -\frac{8}{7}\right)$$

Solve the linear system using substitution.

3. $y = 2x + 3$

$y = 5x$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 3 = 5x \\ -2x \quad -2x \\ \hline 3 = 3x \\ \frac{3}{3} = \frac{3x}{3} \end{array}$$

$1 = x$

$y = 5(1)$

$y = 5$

$$(1, 5)$$

4. $y = -8 + 4x$

$y = 2x - 6$

$$\begin{array}{r} -8 + 4x = 2x - 6 \\ -2x \quad -2x \\ \hline -8 + 2x = -6 \\ +8 \quad +8 \end{array}$$

$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$

$x = 1$

$y = 2(1) - 6$

$y = 2 - 6$

$y = -4$

$$(1, -4)$$

This method is **BEST** to use when one of the variables in either equation has a **coefficient of 1 or -1**.

Solve the linear system using substitution.

5. $y =$

$$2x + y = -2$$

$$y = -1 + 1$$

$$y = 0$$

$$(-1, 0)$$

$$2x + x + 1 = -2$$

$$\frac{3x + 1 = -2}{-1 \quad -1}$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{-3}{3}$$

$$x = -1$$

y

6. $y = -3x + 5$

$$2x - y = 10$$

$$2x - (-3x + 5) = 10$$

$$2x + 3x - 5 = 10$$

$$5x - 5 = 10$$

$$+5 \quad +5$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{15}{5}$$

$$x = 3$$

$$y = -3(3) + 5$$

$$y = -9 + 5$$

$$y = -4$$

$$(3, -4)$$

7. $x = 2y$

$$2x + 6y = 15$$

$$2(2y) + 6y = 15$$

$$4y + 6y = 15$$

$$\frac{10y}{10} = \frac{15}{10}$$

$$y = 1.5$$

$$x = 2(1.5)$$

$$x = 3$$

$$(3, 1.5)$$

If an equation is **not** already solved for a variable, you will need to do that first!

Pick the variable with a coefficient of 1 or -1.

8. $2x + 2y = 3$

$$\boxed{x} - 4y = -1$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \boxed{x} - 4y = -1 \\ +4y \quad +4y \\ \hline x = 4y - 1 \end{array}$$

$$x = 4y - 1$$

$$x = 4\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - 1$$

$$x = 2 - 1$$

$$x = 1$$

Which variable should we solve for?

$$2(4y - 1) + 2y = 3$$

$$8y - 2 + 2y = 3$$

$$10y - 2 = 3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10y - 2 = 3 \\ +2 \quad +2 \\ \hline 10y = 5 \\ \frac{10y}{10} = \frac{5}{10} \end{array}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(1, \frac{1}{2})$$

9. $3x + \boxed{y} = 3$

$$7x + 2y = 1$$

Which variable should we solve for?

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + \boxed{y} = 3 \\ -3x \quad -3x \\ \hline y = -3x + 3 \end{array}$$

$$y = -3x + 3$$

$$y = -3(-5) + 3$$

$$y = 15 + 3$$

$$y = 18$$

$$7x + 2(-3x + 3) = 1$$

$$7x + -6x + 6 = 1$$

$$x + 6 = 1$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x + 6 = 1 \\ -6 \quad -6 \\ \hline x = -5 \end{array}$$

$$x = -5$$

$$(-5, 18)$$

10. $11x - 7y = -14$

$$\boxed{-x} + 2y = 4$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2y \quad -2y \\ \hline -x = -2y + 4 \\ -1 \quad -1 \quad -1 \end{array}$$

$$x = 2y - 4$$

$$x = 2(2) - 4$$

$$x = 4 - 4$$

$$x = 0$$

Which variable should we solve for?

$$11(2y - 4) - 7y = -14$$

$$22y - 44 - 7y = -14$$

$$15y - 44 = -14$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +44 \quad +44 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{15y}{15} = \frac{30}{15}$$

$$y = 2$$

$$(0, 2)$$

11. $x + y = 16$

$$2y = -2x + 2$$

Solve for x.

$$x + y = 16$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -y \quad -y \\ \hline x = -y + 16 \end{array}$$

$$2y = -2(-y + 16) + 2$$

$$2y = 2y - 32 + 2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2y \quad -2y \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$0 = -32 + 2$$

$$0 \neq -30$$

no solution

Which variable should we solve for?

Solve for y.

$$x + y = 16$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -x \quad -x \\ \hline y = -x + 16 \end{array}$$

$$2(-x + 16) = -2x + 2$$

$$-2x + 32 = -2x + 2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +2x \quad +2x \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$32 \neq 2$$

no solution

12. The length of a rectangle is 3 cm more than 3 times its width. If the perimeter of the rectangle is 30 cm, what are its dimensions? both length & width

$$l = 3w + 3$$

$$l = 3(3) + 3$$

$$l = 9 + 3$$

$$l = 12$$

3 cm by 12 cm

$$P = 2l + 2w$$

$$30 = 2(3w + 3) + 2w$$

$$30 = 6w + 6 + 2w$$

$$30 = 8w + 6$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -6 \\ 30 = 8w + 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{24}{8} = \frac{8w}{8}$$

$$3 = w$$

13. The school is selling tickets for a fundraising event. The school sold 35 tickets for \$86 on the first day of the sale. Student tickets cost \$2 each and non-student tickets cost \$3 each.

Find the number of each kind of ticket

on the first day.

$$x + y = 35$$

$$2x + 3y = 86$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x + y = 35 \\ -y \quad -y \\ \hline x = -y + 35 \end{array}$$

$$2(-y + 35) + 3y = 86$$

$$-2y + 70 + 3y = 86$$

$$y + 70 = 86$$

$$\begin{array}{r} y + 70 = 86 \\ -70 \quad -70 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$y = 16$$

19 student tickets

16 non-student tickets

$$x = -16 + 35$$

$$x = 19$$