

## 5.5 Solving Absolute Value Equations

An **absolute value equation** is in the form  $|ax + b| = c$ .

To solve an absolute value equation when  $c \geq 0$ :

$$ax + b = c \quad \text{or} \quad ax + b = -c$$

$\uparrow$   
right of 0
 $\uparrow$   
left of 0

**\*\*Always isolate the absolute value before separating into two equations!\*\***

Solve & graph the absolute value equations.

1.  $|x| = 7$

the distance from 0 is 7

$x = -7$  or  $x = 7$



2.  $|x| = 25$

the distance from 0 is 25

$x = -25$  or  $x = 25$



3.  $|x| = -4$

the distance from 0 is -4

no solution



Solve & graph the absolute value equations.

4.  $|x - 2| = 5$  <sup>the dist. from 0 is 5</sup>

$$\frac{x - 2}{+2} = \frac{-5}{+2} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{x - 2}{+2} = \frac{5}{+2}$$

$$x = -3 \quad \text{or} \quad x = 7$$



5.  $|x + 3| = 18$  <sup>the dist. from 0 is 18</sup>

$$\frac{x + 3}{-3} = \frac{-18}{-3} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{x + 3}{-3} = \frac{18}{-3}$$

$$x = -21 \quad \text{or} \quad x = 15$$



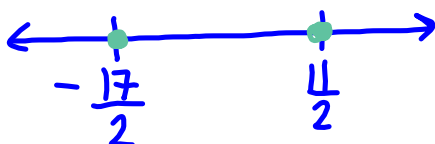
Solve the absolute value equations.

6.  $|4x + 6| = 28$

$$\frac{4x + 6}{-6} = \frac{-28}{-6} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{4x + 6}{-6} = \frac{28}{-6}$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{-34}{4} \quad \frac{4x}{4} = \frac{22}{4}$$

$$x = -\frac{17}{2} \quad x = \frac{11}{2}$$



7.  $|7 - 2x| = 19$

$$\frac{7 - 2x}{-7} = \frac{-19}{-7} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{7 - 2x}{-7} = \frac{19}{-7}$$

$$\frac{-2x}{-2} = \frac{-26}{-2} \quad \frac{-2x}{-2} = \frac{12}{-2}$$

$$x = 13 \quad \text{or} \quad x = -6$$



Solve the absolute value equations.

$$8. \quad \frac{|x+1| + 2}{-2 \quad -2} = 5$$

$$\frac{|x+1|}{-2 \quad -2} = 3$$

$$\frac{x+1 = -3 \quad \text{or} \quad x+1 = 3}{-1 \quad -1 \quad \quad -1 \quad -1}$$

$$\frac{x = -4 \quad \text{or} \quad x = 2}{-1 \quad -1 \quad \quad -1 \quad -1}$$

$$9. \quad \frac{|2x-8| - 14}{+14 \quad +14} = -4$$

$$\frac{|2x-8|}{+14 \quad +14} = 10$$

$$\frac{2x-8 = -10 \quad \text{or} \quad 2x-8 = 10}{+8 \quad +8 \quad \quad +8 \quad +8}$$

$$\frac{2x = -2 \quad \quad \quad 2x = 18}{2 \quad \quad \quad 2 \quad \quad \quad 2 \quad \quad \quad 2}$$

$$x = -1 \quad \text{or} \quad x = 9$$

Solve the absolute value equations.

$$10. \quad \frac{2|x-3|}{2} = 16$$

$$\frac{|x-3|}{2} = 8$$

$$\frac{x-3 = -8 \quad \text{or} \quad x-3 = 8}{+3 \quad +3 \quad \quad +3 \quad +3}$$

$$\frac{x = -5 \quad \text{or} \quad x = 11}{+3 \quad +3 \quad \quad +3 \quad +3}$$

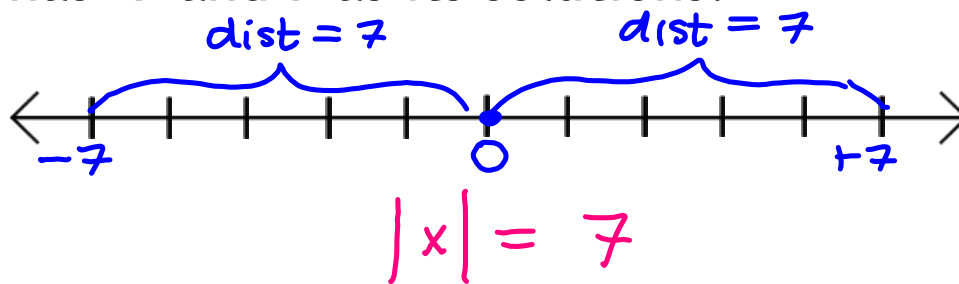
$$11. \quad \frac{|x+4|}{5} = 3 \cdot 5$$

$$\frac{|x+4|}{5} = 15$$

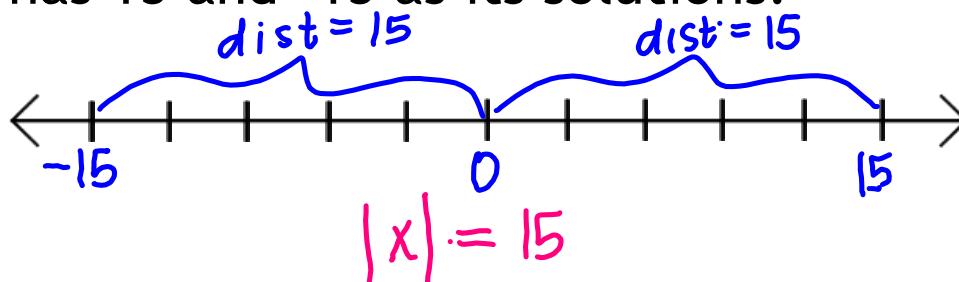
$$\frac{x+4 = -15 \quad \text{or} \quad x+4 = 15}{-4 \quad -4 \quad \quad -4 \quad -4}$$

$$\frac{x = -19 \quad \text{or} \quad x = 11}{-4 \quad -4 \quad \quad -4 \quad -4}$$

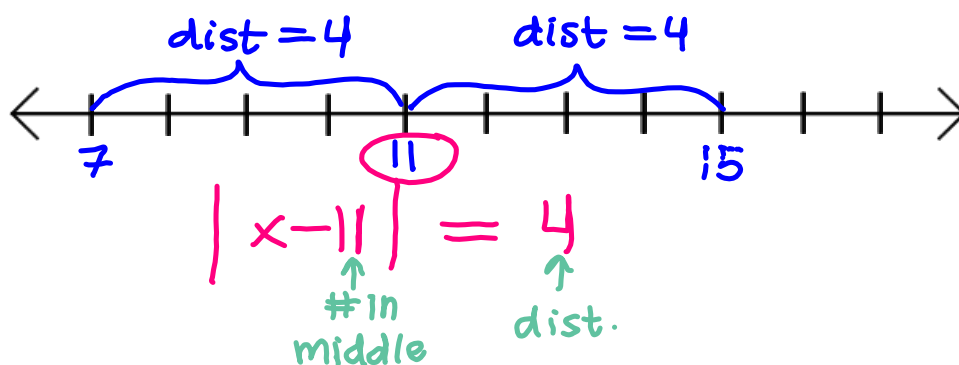
12. Write an absolute value equation that has -7 and 7 as its solutions.



13. Write an absolute value equation that has 15 and -15 as its solutions.



14. Write an absolute value equation that has 7 and 15 as its solutions.



15. Write an absolute value equation that has -8 and -14 as its solutions.

