

Consecutive angles (not including pairs of base angles) are supplementary.



Theorem 8.14

If a trapezoid is isosceles, then each pair of base angles is congruent.

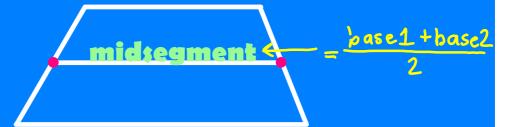
Theorem 8.15

If a trapezoid has a pair of congruent base angles, then it is an isosceles trapezoid.

Theorem 8.16

A trapezoid is isosceles if and only if its diagonals are congruent.

The midsegment of a trapezoid is the segment that joins the midpoints of its legs.



Theorem 8.17

The midsegment of a trapezoid is parallel to the bases, and its length is one-half the sum of the lengths of the bases.

Example 1

Given trapezoid EZOI with midsegment AB, find the value of x.

13

3x + 8

3x + 8

(4x-10) + (3x+9) = 13 \cdot 2

(4x-10) + (3x+9) = 26

$$7x - 2 = 26$$
 $7x - 2 = 26$
 $7x - 2 = 28$
 $7x - 4$

